## STRENGTHENING SOCIAL DIALOGUE IN THE HOSPITAL AND HEALTHCARE SECTOR

| Health personnel employed in hospitals |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Hospital employment (headcount) | 167071 |
| Medical doctors (headcount) | 27981 |
| Nursing professionals and midwives (headcount) | $10184^{*}$ |
| Hospital beds/100 000 inhabitants | 684 |
| Medical doctors/100 000 inhabitants | 142 |
| Nursing professionals and midwives/100 000 inhabitants | $52^{*}$ |
| Source: Eurostat, 2016 |  |

## Social partners: Active trade unions - State as main employer

## Trade unions



## Representatives of the employers in the healthcare sector

- Ministry of Labour and Social Justice
- Ministry of Health
- Taking part in collective bargaining
- Participating in signing the collective bargaining
- Patronage of Private Medical Service Providers (PALMED)

National social dialogue: centralised and consists of bipartite practice relations
European Social Dialogue: Social partners' limited involvement on sectoral level

52\% of respondents from the TU are involved in EU level social dialogue structures. The remaining are represented by super-ordinate organisations.

Only half involved in Social dielogue on Eu Level

## Direct participation in EU level social dialogue structures

1. EU Sectoral Social Dialogue Committee (HOSPEEM and EPSU);
2. Meetings of members of EU level sectoral social partner organisations; 3. European Economic and Social Committee (EESC);
3. European Semester meetings;
4. Meetings of EU level sectoral social partner organisations in other sectors

## European Semester: Social partners are informed but the involvement is limited

How are you involved in the European Semester?

| Informed about the reform: $\mathbf{5 5 \%}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Not involved but trying: $22 \%$ |  |  |
| Involved in changes: $\mathbf{1 8 \%}$ |  | Not involved and not interested: $\mathbf{4 \%}$ |

60\%
Priorities for the EU level: Support for a stronger impact on national level

- Working conditions: Wages and bonuses regulations, working time and staffing norms;
- Unification of medical staff training;
- Improvement of the social partners representatives and collective agreements.



## Expectations for the EU level social dialogue

1. Support to make a stronger impact in Romania;
2. Support domestic collective bargaining:
3. Capacity building in social dialogue;
4. Greater acknowledgement of national interests;
5. Provide space for networking and exchange.

## Further information

[^0]
[^0]:    The fact sheet is the result of a survey dedicated to social dialogue with responses from Sanitas and Hipocrat and desk research conducted in April - June 2019 and information provided at the Regional Workshop in Bucharest on 14 June 2019 within the joint project of HOSPEEM and EPSU. The answers of the survey are generalised, therefore, information might not apply to all organisations listed above. More detailed results on Romania are available in the Regional Workshop report: Eastern Europe and the comprehensive comparative report of the targeted countries available online on HOSPEEM and EPSU websites.

